

The Gazette of India



EXTRAORDINARY

PART I—Section 1

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 62] NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1950

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE

NOTIFICATIONS

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

New Delhi, the 5th August 1950

No. 19-I.T.C./50.—In pursuance of the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Commerce No. 23-I.T.C./43, dated the 1st July, 1943, as continued in force by the Imports and Exports (Control) Act 1947 (XVIII of 1947), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in Open General Licence No. XVI published with the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce No. 26-ITC/49, dated the 25th August 1949 as subsequently amended, and that this amendment be published for general information.

In the preamble to the said Open General Licence the words “Belgium and her possessions” shall be deleted

No. 20-I.T.C./50.—In pursuance of the Notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Commerce No. 23-I.T.C./43, dated the 1st July 1943, as continued in force by the Imports and Exports (Control) Act 1947 (XVIII of 1947), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in Open General Licence No. XVII published with the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce No. 34-ITC/49, dated the 12th November 1949 as subsequently amended, and that this amendment be published for general information:—

In the preamble to the said Open General Licence the words “Belgium and her possessions” shall be deleted.

No. 21-I.T.C./50.—The following Open General Licence issued by the Central Government under the Notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Commerce No. 23-I.T.C./43, dated 1st July 1943, as continued in force by the Imports and Exports (Control) Act 1947 (XVIII of 1947), is published for general information:—

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE NO. XX.

In pursuance of the Notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Commerce No. 23-I.T.C./43, dated 1st July 1943, as continued in force by the Imports and Exports (Control) Act 1947 (XVIII of 1947), the

Central Government hereby gives general permission to all persons to import into India:—

- (a) from any country in the world except the Union of South Africa any goods of any of the descriptions specified in the annexed Schedule 'A'; and
- (b) from all countries except (a) the United States of America and any territory under the suzerainty or sovereignty of the United States of America, Canada (including New Foundland), and other American account countries, consisting of the Philippine Islands, Bolivia, Colombia, Costa-Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, American Account countries, consisting of the Philippine Islands, Ecuador, Guatemala, Haiti Honduras, Mexico Nicaragua Panama, Salvador, Venezuela and Liberia, (b) the Argentine, Paraguay, Switzerland, Western Germany [(U.K.)/U.S./French Zones but excluding the Saar] and Japan, (c) Portugal and her possessions (excluding Portuguese possessions in India), (d) Union of South Africa, any goods of any of the descriptions specified in the annexed Schedule B.

Provided that,

- (i) such goods have been produced or manufactured in any of the countries from which they are shipped;
- (ii) such goods are shipped on through consignment to India on or before the 31st December, 1950 without any grace period whatsoever; and
- (iii) nothing in this licence shall affect the application to any goods of any prohibition or regulation affecting the import thereof in force at the time when such goods are imported.

SCHEDULE 'A'

Description.	Part of Import Trade Central Schedule	Sl. No.
1	2	3
Copper, wrought in the following forms, <i>viz.</i> strip, tape, foil, highly polished sheet specially prepared for making process blocks, lithographic sheet and the following manufactures, <i>viz.</i> copper perforated sheets and sheet cut to size, tubes rods and pipes cut to shape and size.	I	41
Copper scrap whether ingotted or otherwise	I	42
Lead, wrought including the following, <i>viz.</i> pipes, tubes, foil, wire and sheet including sheet for tea chest	I	43
Lead ingot, pig.	I	43-A
Antimonial lead in the ingot and wrought form including the following, namely pipe, tube and sheet.	I	43-B
Zinc or spelter, unwrought, including zinc dross, dust, ashes and zinc in the form of ingots, cake, tile, slab, plate and granulations including all forms of zinc scrap and zinc wrought including wire, rod, sections, sheet including highly polished sheet specially prepared for making process blocks, lithographic sheet and the following manufactures, <i>viz.</i> zinc perforated and sheet cut to size.	I	44

1	2	3
Tin-block	I	45
Tin, wrought, including the following, viz. foil and wire	I	45-A
(a) Brass, bronze and similar alloys, unwrought and in the form of ingot and scrap whether ingotted or otherwise and the following manufactures, viz. perforated sheets	I	46
(b) Nickel alloys including manufactures of nickel alloys	I	46
Copper, unwrought in the form of ingot or slab other than ingotted scrap	I	47
Antimony ingot, regulus and star metal	I	47-A
Nickel, including nickel scrap, in all forms excluding manufactures thereof	I	48
All alloys of copper and scrap of such alloys in all forms, excluding manufactures thereof	I	49
Monel metal	I	50
Tungsten metal powder and other tungsten products	I	51
Molybdenum metal powder	I	52
Copper electrodes	II	10
Unwrought ingots, blocks and bars of aluminium	II	13
Zinc electrodes	II	15
Electrodes made of brass, bronze or other similar alloys	II	16
Ball and roller bearings	II	19(1)
Taper bearings	II	19(2)
(i) Graphite crucibles for pit fired furnaces	II	20
(ii) Graphite crucibles for tilting furnaces		
(iii) Corborundum crucibles for pit fired furnaces		
(iv) Corborundum crucibles for tilting furnaces		
Component parts of Ball, Roller and taper bearings excluding plummer blocks for housing but including nuts and washers and adaptor sleeves	II	36(5)
Synthetic graphite and Amorphous carbon electrodes as used in Electric Furnaces for production of Iron, Steel Forre-alloy and non-ferrous metals. Synthetic Graphite and Amorphous carbon electrodes for use in electrolytic processes. Carbon Furnaces (liner) Blocks for use in electric Furnaces	II	41-A
Sulphate of alumina (iron free) Hydrosulphite of soda Rangolite C or Formosul L Sodium nitro	III	1
Shirlan paste; desizing agents; Scouring agents; wetting out agents; Emulsifying agents; mordanting agents; Turkey Red Oil; oil and grease removers; Textile oiling agents; Selvenis for printing discharging agents; Anti-Reduction kier boiling and softening agents		

1	2	3
Component parts of Ball, Roller and taper bearings excluding plummer blocks for housing but including nuts and washers and adapter sleeves.	III	4 (5)
Powdered milk containing not less than 18 per cent. cream intended for infant feeding.	IV	9
Tallow	IV	60
Cocoanut oil	IV	62
Milk foods for infants	IV	74
Penicillin, Chloromycetin and insulin	IV	100
Fire bricks and refractories.	IV	237 & 238
Mercury.	IV	206
Hand sewing needles	IV	275
Needles for sewing machines.	IV	288
X-Ray films.	IV	302
Antimony ore.	V	14
Fluxes for melting and refining metals, sodium X-anthates Potassium X-anthates.	V	22
Sulphur	V	25
Wood pulp	V	43
Newsprint	V	44
Bort and industrial diamonds.	V	60
Component parts of Ball, Roller and taper bearings excluding plummer blocks for housing but including nuts and washers and adapter sleeves.	V	65 (5)
Hosiery needles for hosiery machinery and knitting machines whether operated by manual labour or mechanical power	V	69-A
Electro-medical apparatus	V	79
Only scientific and surgical instruments, apparatus and appliances not made of rubber.	V	93
Asbestos, raw.	V	98
Gas black, thermatomic black, acetylene black and carbon black.	V	106
Glucose, medicinal.	V	108
Casein	V	122
Fluorspar.	V	122
Fluxes for melting and refining metals	V	122
Cryolite	V	122
Sodium X-anthates.	V	122
Potassium X-anthates	V	122

SCHEDULE 'B'

Description	Part of Import Trade Control Schedule	Serial No.
1	2	3
Iron or steel coated and uncoated electrodes both rod and wire	II	9
Aluminium circles, sheets and other manufactures not otherwise specified	II	12
Conveyor bolting	II	28
Copra and cocoanut kernel	IV	38
Wattle extract	IV	43
Wattle bark	IV	44
Barks for tanning, excluding wattle bark	IV	45
Cutch and gambier, all sorts	IV	46
Stearine	IV	54
China clay	IV	97
Streptomycin	IV	109
Cinematograph films, not exposed	IV	116
Chrome splits	IV	145
Cork manufactures	IV	154
Freewheels, chains, spokes, nipples and lugs of bicycles	IV	301
Dyeing and tanning substances, all sorts, not otherwise specified, excluding wattle extract and the articles specified in S. No. 5 of this Part of the Schedule	V	6
Explosives, namely, blasting gunpowder, blasting gelatine, blasting dynamite, blasting roburite, blasting tonite, and all other sorts, including detonators and blasting fuse	V	30
Cigarette Paper	V	45
Hair yarn for belting	V	50

PUBLIC NOTICES

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

New Delhi, the 5th August 1950

SUB.—Partial Declaration of Western Germany (U.K./U.S./French Zones) as a soft currency country.

No. 70-I.T.C.(P.N.)/50.—It has been decided that Western Germany (that is, the American, British and French Zones of Germany excluding the territory of the Saar) should be treated with immediate effect as though it were a part of the Soft Currency Area for purposes of licensing of those goods which are shown as licensable from that country in columns 13, 14 and 15 of Appendix 'B' to the Public Notice No. 14-ITC(P.N.)/50, dated the 15th June 1950.

2. Licences already issued and which are still valid for imports from Western Germany may be made valid on demand for import from any country in the Soft Currency Area. Similarly licences already issued for any country in the Soft Currency Area and which are still valid for the import of goods shown as licensable from Western Germany in columns 13, 14 and 15 of Appendix 'B' to the aforesaid Public Notice may also be made valid for Western Germany at the request of the licence-holder. Applications for alteration in the country of origin in accordance with this paragraph should be made to the Chief Controller of Imports or to any of the office of Deputy Chief Controller or Import Trade Controller at the Port irrespective of original office of issue in respect of goods falling under Part I (uncontrolled category of Iron and Steel Goods and Non-Ferrous Metals) and Parts II, III, IV and V of the I.T.C. Schedule.

3. The arrangements indicated in the previous paragraph will, however, not apply:—

- (a) to any licences granted under O.G.L. Nos. XI and XV Concessional Schemes which may be still valid and,
- (b) any licences granted under Trade Agreements where the goods were licensable only from Trade Agreement Countries concerned and not from the Soft Currency Area.

4. O.G.L. No. XVI does not cover the import of any goods from Western Germany. However, where any goods are included in the Schedule to O.G.L. No. XVI from Soft Currency Countries and are also licensable from Western Germany, licences for such goods from Western Germany will be granted freely.

5. Applications for import licences for Western Germany for the period January-June 1950 which have already been submitted, but have not been dealt with so far in the Import Trade Control Offices concerned will continue to be dealt with in accordance with the principles already announced in that behalf for that licensing period. Licences issued in response to such applications may be amended on request in the manner indicated in paragraph 2 above.

6. The following modifications will be made in the licensing policy for July-December 1950, already announced in the Public Notice No. 14-I.T.C.(P.N)/50 dated the 15th June 1950:—

- (a) *Established Importers*.—Applications for imports from Western Germany may continue to be made in the manner already announced and licences will be issued on the basis of the percentages fixed in that behalf. Licences issued on the basis of such applications will be subject to amendments in the manner indicated in paragraph 2 above. Alternatively, where a quota has been fixed for Western Germany and also for imports from soft currency countries, applicants may, if they so desire, include past imports from Western Germany in their basic year's imports for the calculation of their quotas for soft currency area in which case the quota percentage fixed for the soft currency area will be applied to such previous imports as well as to other imports from soft currency countries in calculating the relevant soft currency quotas. Whereas, however, under the present arrangements applicants may adduce, in respect of their Western Germany quotas, past imports, relating to different basic years, applicants following the above alternative, must adduce past imports in the same basic year both for Western Germany and for Soft Currency Countries. An applicant should not, however,

apply for a licence under the separate Western Germany Quota fixed under the existing arrangements, as well as adduce past imports from Western Germany for the calculation of his Soft Currency Area quota and any person who does so will be liable to be permanently debarred from obtaining licences in future.

- (b) *Actual Users*.—Where an article is shown as licensable from Western Germany either to actual users, established importers or new comers, licences for imports thereof to actual users can be granted for the number of months requirements already licensable from Western Germany or Soft Currency Areas whichever is greater. Such licences will be made valid for Western Germany and/or any Soft Currency to the extent desired by the applicant.

Example (i).—Where two months' requirements are at present licensable from Western Germany and six months requirements from soft currency area, in future upto six months' requirements will be licensable in the aggregate from either area or partly from one and partly from another and the present limit of two months' requirements from Western Germany will be waived.

Example (ii).—Where licences are at present issuable on an *ad hoc* basis from Western Germany and a definite number of months' requirements from Soft Currency Area, the *ad hoc* licensing will be discontinued and the number of months' requirements laid down for the Soft Currency Area, will apply for that particular article from the Soft Currency Area and/or Western Germany.

It should be noted that in certain cases covered by example (i) above there is a provision preventing the issue of licences for more than, say, two months' requirements in the aggregate from the Dollar Area, Belgium and her Possessions, Switzerland and Western Germany. In such cases the issue of licences for import of goods from Western Germany will not alter the extent to which licences may issue for the Dollar Area, or Switzerland to two months' requirements in the aggregate will be licensable from those two areas subject to the general condition that not more than six months' requirements will be licensable altogether from two areas.

- (c) *New Comers*.—Applications from New Comers for Western Germany will be considered only for those items for which they have been invited from Western Germany or for items which are shown as licensable from Western Germany and for which applications from New Comers have been invited for imports from the Soft Currency Area.

7. The arrangements for licensing under the long term licensing scheme from the Soft Currency Area, will be applicable to Western Germany for such goods as are licensable from Western Germany and also from the Soft Currency Area, as though Western Germany were part of the Soft Currency Area. In calculating quotas for established importers previous imports from Western Germany will be included with past imports from the Soft Currency Area, for these articles, and the licences issued against the quotas thus calculated will be valid for Western Germany and/or any Soft Currency Country at the desire of the applicant.

8. It should be noted that articles which are shown as not being licensable from Western Germany, but which are licensable from Soft Currency Countries, will not be licensed from Western Germany, nor will any licence, granted for imports thereof from the Soft Currency Area, be amended to cover imports from Western Germany.

SUBJECT:—*Inclusion of Belgium and her possessions in the Soft Currency Area.*

No. 71-I.T.C. (P.N.)/50.—It has been decided that Belgium and her possessions should be treated with immediate effect as part of the Soft Currency Area for purposes of Import Trade Control.

2. Licences already issued by the Chief Controller of Imports, the Deputy Chief Controller at the ports or the Import Trade Controllers and which are still valid for imports from countries of the Soft Currency Area may therefore, be made valid for Belgium or any of her possessions at the request of the licence-holder. Similarly, any such licence which is valid for imports from Belgium or her possessions may be made valid on demand for imports from any country in the Soft Currency Area. Applications for alteration in the country of origin in accordance with this paragraph may be made to the Chief Controller of Imports, or to any of the offices of the Deputy Chief Controllers or Import Trade Controllers at the Ports, irrespective of the original office of issue.

3. The arrangements indicated in the previous paragraph will, however, not apply:—

(a) to any licences granted under the Open General Licence Nos. XI and XV Concessional Schemes which may still be valid; or

(b) any licences granted under Trade Agreements with Soft Currency countries where the goods were licensable only from the Trade Agreement Country concerned and not from the Soft Currency Area (as a whole).

4. By Notification No. 19-ITC/(P.N.)/50, dated the 5th August, 1950, Open General Licence No. XVI has been extended to Belgium and her possessions.

5. Applications for import licences for Soft Currency Countries and for Belgium for the period January-June 1950 which have already been submitted, but have not been dealt with to date in the Import Trade Control offices concerned, will continue to be dealt with in accordance with the principles already announced in that behalf for that period. Licences issued in response to such applications may be amended on demand in the manner indicated in paragraph 2 above.

6. The following modifications will be made in the licensing arrangements for July-December 1950 already announced in Public Notice No. 14-I.T.C./ (P.N.), 50, dated the 15th June, 1950:—

(a) *Established Importers.*—Applications for imports from Belgium and her possessions may continue to be made in the manner already announced and licences will be issued on the basis of the percentages already fixed in that behalf. Licences issued on the basis of such applications will be subject to amendment on demand in the manner indicated in paragraph 2 above. Alternatively, whether a separate quota has been fixed for Belgium or not, Applicants may, however, if they so desire, include past imports from Belgium in their basic imports for the calculation of their quotas for the Soft Currency Area, in which case the quota percentage fixed for the Soft Currency Area will be applied to such previous imports as well as to other imports from Soft Currency Countries in calculating the relevant Soft Currency quota. Whereas, however, under the present arrangements applicants may adduce in respect of their Belgium quotas and Soft Currency quotas past imports relating to different basic years, applicants availing themselves of the above alternative must adduce past imports for the same basic year both for Belgium and her

possessions and for Soft Currency Countries. No applicant may, however, apply for a licence under the separate Belgium quotas fixed under the existing arrangements, as well as adducing past imports from Belgium for the calculation of his soft currency quota, and any person who does so will be liable to be permanently debarred from obtaining licences in future.

(b) *Actual Users*.—All articles licensable to actual users from the Soft Currency Area will be licensable to them from Belgium and her Possessions also, and *vice versa*. The extent to which licences will issue for each such article from each of the two areas in question will be the number of months' requirements already licensable from either area whichever is the greater.

Example 1.—Where 6 months' requirements are licensable from Soft Currency Countries, and no licences are given for Belgium or her possessions, licences will issue for Belgium and her possessions and/or the existing Soft Currency Area to a total of 6 months' requirements.

Example 2.—In the case of Natural Essential Oils falling under Serial No. 127 of Part IV of the Import Trade Control Schedule, 2 months' requirements are at present licensable from Belgium and her possessions and 6 months' requirements from the Soft Currency Area. In future, upto six months requirements will be licensable in the aggregate from other area, or partly from one and partly from the other, and the present limit of two months requirements from Belgium and her possessions will be waived.

Example 3.—Where licences are at present issuable *ad hoc* for Belgium and her possessions, and for a definite number of months requirements from the soft currency area *ad hoc* licensing will be discontinued, and the number of months requirements laid down for the soft currency area will apply to the Soft Currency Area as now reconstituted, that is, including Belgium and her possessions.

It should be noted that in the instance quoted in example 2 above, there is at present a provision preventing the issue of licences for more than 2 months requirements in the aggregate from the Dollar Area, Belgium and her possessions, Switzerland and Western Germany. The issue of licences for the import of goods from Belgium and her possessions, however, will no longer effect the extent to which licences may issue for the Dollar Area, Switzerland and Western Germany, and two months requirements in the aggregate will be licensable from these three areas, subject to the general condition that not more than six months requirements will be licensable altogether from all Areas.

(c) *New Comers*.—Where applications have been invited either for Belgium and her possessions or for the Soft Currency Area, they may be submitted in respect of either area or both areas, according to the desire of the applicant.

7. The arrangements for licensing under the Long Term Licensing Scheme for the Soft Currency Area will be applicable without change to the Soft Currency Area as now redefined, that is, including Belgium and her possessions. In calculating quotas for established importers, previous imports from Belgium and her possessions should be included as past imports from the Soft Currency Area.

R. J. PRINGLE, Jt. Secy.

